Addendum

BILATERAL COOPERATION

This addendum is issued to add information for requests from France and Germany.

Requests from the Government of France

Morocco—Technical Assistance for cold storage

Add to para. 50: “The Government of France noted that this request is the direct result of a project approved at the 20th Meeting, “Technical Assistance on alternatives for cold storage facilities” (MOR/REF/20/TAS/05), which pre-dates the approval of the RMP preparation and consequently the RMP should take this project into consideration.

Africa Region—Refrigeration and Global Environment—Evaluation of Equipment Modernisation Study

Add to para. 52: “The Government of France also noted that the inclusion of Guinea Bissau would enable the benefits of a regional approach”.

Requests from the Government of Germany

Gambia – Retrofit of commercial units

Add paras. 79 bis, ter, and quar as follows:
79(bis). The Fund Secretariat has received additional information from Germany on ODP consumption and the profile of refrigeration companies covered by the proposal. Significant discrepancies on data have been identified. As a result, Germany has decided to withdraw the current proposal and is requesting now to allocate US $10,000 for undertaking a survey on consumption and technical specifications for retrofitting and containment practices for the commercial refrigeration sector in Gambia (Phase I). The requested amount covers project preparation activities with the assistance from an international expert and a workshop to be organized locally.

79(ter). In Phase II, additional allocations would be requested for retrofitting and containment of selected refrigeration systems in Gambia. The total cost of Phase I and Phase II will not exceed the 50% of RMP funding level approved for Gambia in accordance with Decision 31/48.

79(quar). The letter of agreement from the Government of Gambia is available in the Secretariat upon request.

**India—Preparation of a national strategy to reduce and eliminate the use of CFC refrigerants in the servicing sector**

Add paras. 84 bis and ter as follows:

84(bis). The Secretariat informed Germany that a major concern was the high level of funding requested. Around US $500,000 is being requested for preparation of the strategy for India, whose reported consumption in the servicing sector is estimated to be 2,000 ODP tonnes. The requested amount is more than five fold the amount requested for the preparation of refrigeration strategies in other large ODS consuming countries, e.g., US $100,000 is being requested at this meeting for each of the following countries: Brazil (whose reported consumption in the servicing sector is estimated to be about 5,000 ODP tonnes), Mexico (1,940 ODP tonnes) and Nigeria (1,320 ODP tonnes).

84(ter). The Government of Germany advised that the majority of the 40,000 to 70,000 refrigeration service technicians in India are organized in about 10,000 small workshops, most of them in the unorganized sector. The project would have to take into account the 25 states and 7 territories in India where 17 main languages are spoken in 23 major cities, a number of smaller urban centres and rural areas, where more than 70 per cent of households are located. The efforts for a strategy formulation would address a number of issues including legislation, training needs and technical support, taking into account individual cultures, training capabilities and differences between urban and rural areas. As a CFC producing country, the refrigeration servicing sector strategy for India is independent from any customs training programme.